

API as a Product on RHMI

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Agenda

- Introducing RHMI
- API as a Product
- Demo
- Additional Resources
- Live Q&A

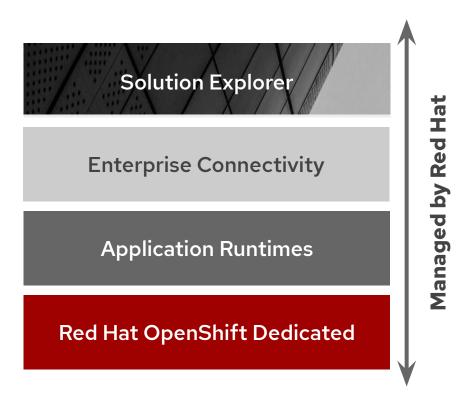


Red Hat Managed Integration

Hosted and managed platform for delivering cloud-native, integrated applications built on Kubernetes that reduces operational risk, cost, and time to value

Platform for building, deploying, and scaling integrated enterprise applications, comprised by four layers:

- Streamlined development UX
- Enterprise connectivity
- Application Runtimes
- Hosted and Managed





RHMI: STREAMLINED UX

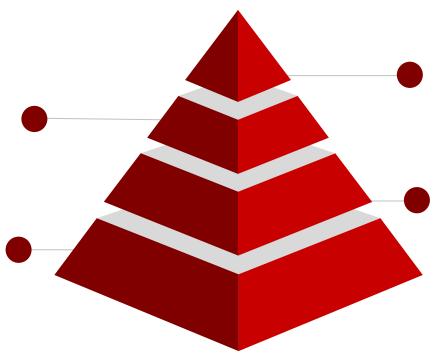
Cloud-native integration...simplified

Solution Explorer

Web-based UI with automated provisioning, single sign-on, and integrated IDE

Technologies integrated

Development tools and services are unified for a friction-free experience



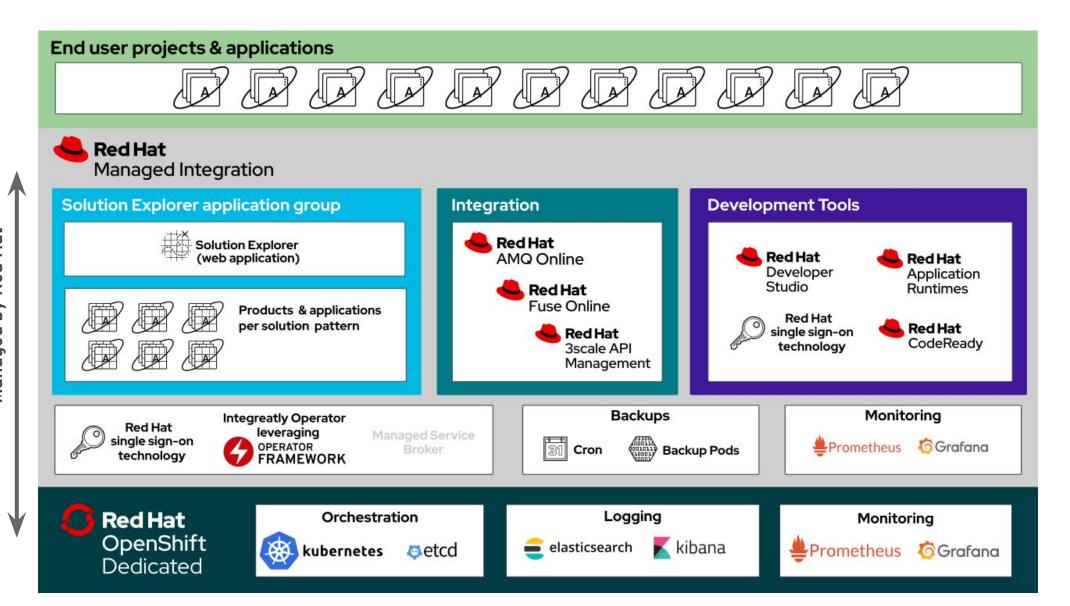
Solution Patterns

Pre-built templates shorten development time and encourage best practices

Recommended configurations

Installed infrastructure components are preconfigured for maximum performance

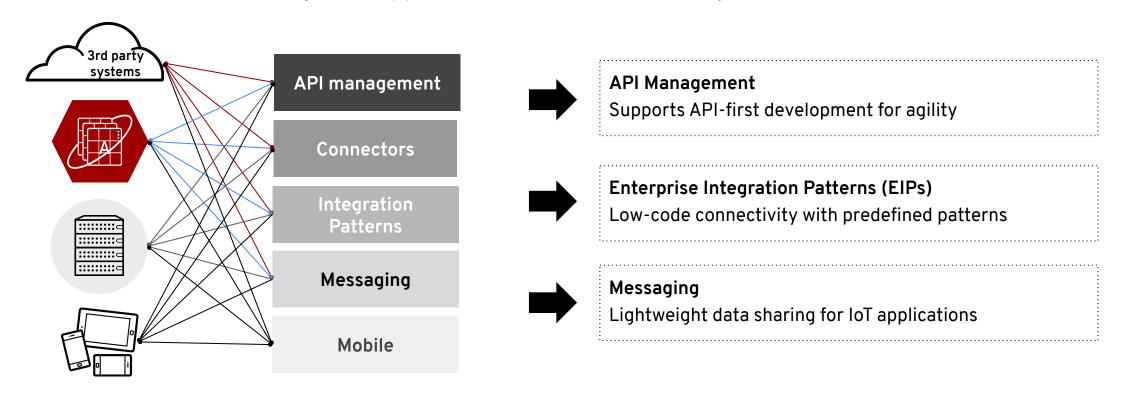






RHMI: ENTERPRISE CONNECTIVITY

Easily build apps that connect to services, systems and data



Extend applications to reach across the enterprise and to hybrid clouds



TECHNICAL OVERVIEW

CONFIDENTIAL Designator

MANAGED COMPONENTS

Managed and self-managed versions are released at the same time

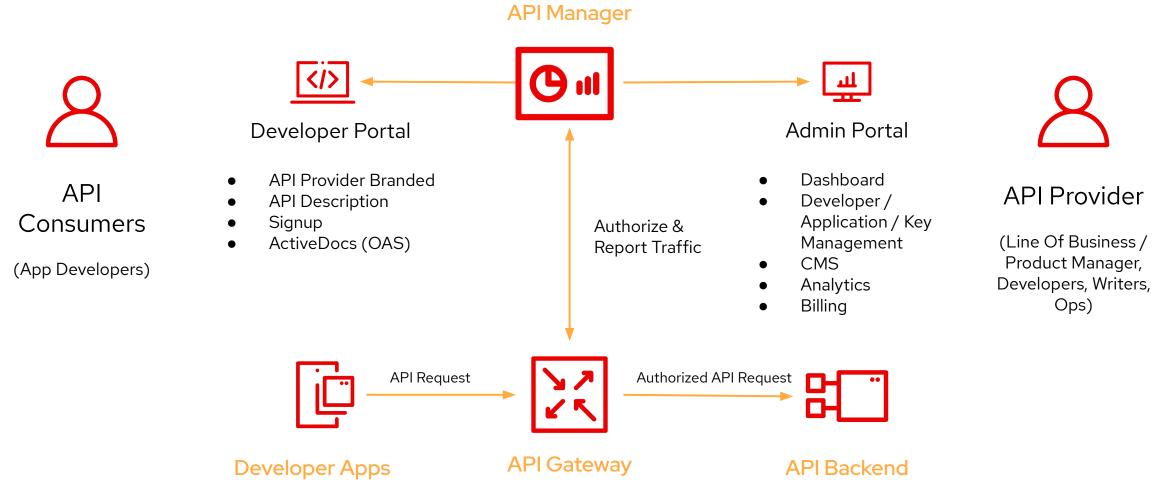
Component	RHMI 1.6 (Current)	RHMI 1.7 (Next)	RHMI 2.0 (Coming Soon)
OpenShift Dedicated	3.11	3.11	4.x
3Scale	2.7.1	2.8	2.8
CodeReady	1.2.0	2.0.0	2.0
AMQ Online	1.3.1	1.4.x	1.4.x
Fuse Online	1.8.x	1.9.x	1.9.x
Fuse on OpenShift	7.5	7.5	7.6
Apicurito	0.2.18.Final	1.5	1.5
Launcher	7224e23	N/A	N/A
UnifiedPush Server	2.3.2-1		
RH-SSO	7.3.x	7.3.x	8.0.x
Solution Explorer	2.20.8	2.21	2.21



Red Hat 3scale on RHMI



Red Hat 3scale API Management





Red Hat 3scale API Management

Operational Aspects

- Multi-tenant 3scale API Manager and hosted Gateways
- Environment Managed by Red Hat
 - Scaling
 - High Availability
 - Backup/Restore
 - Upgrades
 - Patching
- Operator for install & upgrade
 - Managed by cluster admin
 - Namespace access restricted to cluster admin
- Cluster metrics and dashboard available to dedicated admin for monitoring
- SSO set up for Admin Portal access for all tenants



Red Hat 3scale API Management

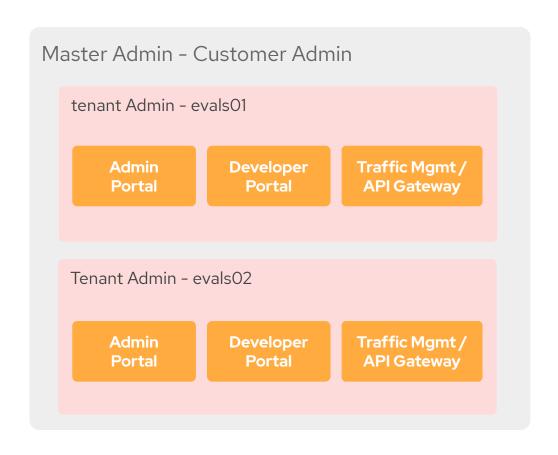
Administrative Aspects

- Multitenancy:
 - One tenant for each user on RHPDS. Link to tenant admin portal available from Solution Explorer
 - Single Sign On using OCP credentials
 - NOTE: Single tenant mode in Production. Service request for additional tenants
- Tracing & Reporting:
 - Embedded APIcast configured to allow exporting metrics to Prometheus
 - Prometheus/Grafana for monitoring managed service workloads
- Single Sign On
 - Customer SSO instance available to set up SSO & OIDC for each tenant environment
- User namespaces:
 - Self managed Gateways (optional)
 - API implementations
 - Other deployments



Multi Tenancy

Logically separate environments using shared resources



Master Admin
Access for Customer Admin only
Manage Tenants
Impersonate Tenants

Tenant Admin
Access to each user
Manage tenant admins / users
Access APIs and Admin Portal

Developers
Access to Developer Portal
Access given to services / sections
Managed by tenant admin

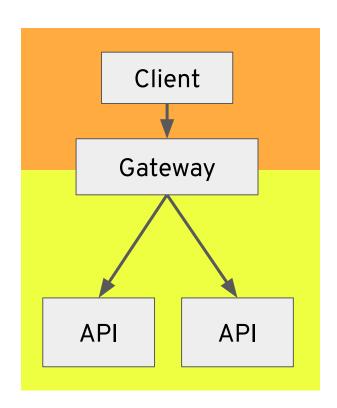


API Packaging & API As A Product



API Management Traditional Flow

North-South Model for API Management



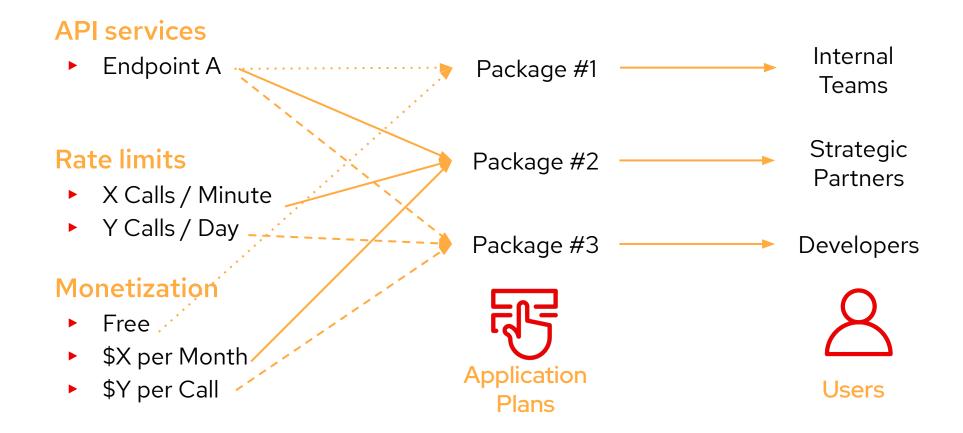
API Gateway

- APIs as a digital access point for your business
- Security, developer onboarding and analytics
- "North-South" service architecture pattern
- Requires traditional API management capabilities
- APIs As A Product



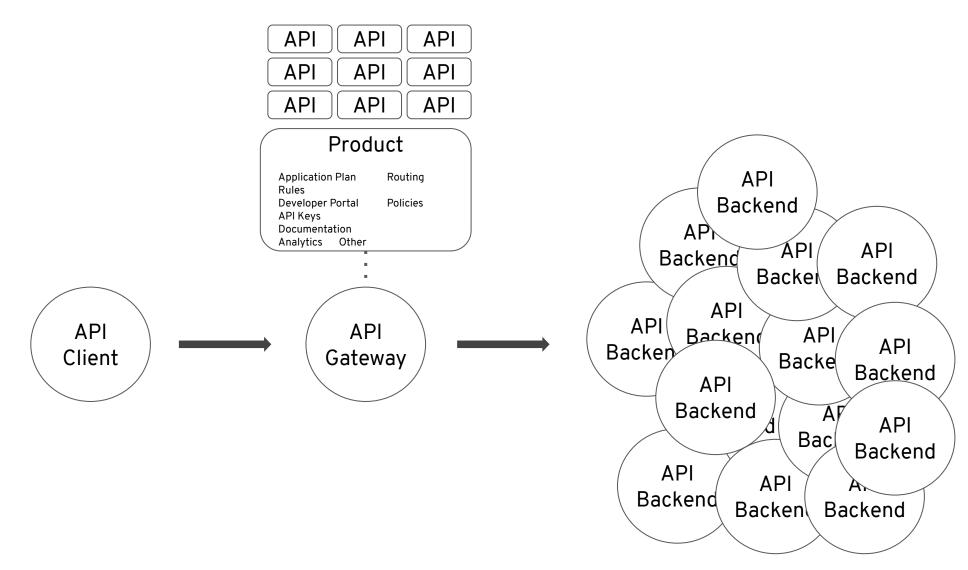
API Contracts, Throttling and Limits

Package your APIs. Create access tiers. Set rate limits.





APIs as a Product





APIs as a Product (APIP)

<= 2.6

Single-backend services ("APIs")

Service exposes public managed endpoints and consumes in the background one and only one private API implementation behind.

2.7 ~ 2.8

API products + API backends

Service becomes **Product** (or "API product")

Still exposes public managed endpoints and continues to have application plans, limits, monetization rules, etc.

Instead of only one backend API, it may use **multiple API backends**, with **path-based routing rules** that direct the traffic to either one or the other.

2.9+

API backend

Stats/analytics filtered by API backend and aggregated across API products

Backend Discovery

Full OAS3 support



API Products X API Backends



Business layer

- Public facing ("facade") → URL structures
- Sign-up \rightarrow API creds \rightarrow AuthN
- App plans = limits and pricing rules
- (Global) metrics/mapping rules
- APIcast policies
- ActiveDocs
- Can use multiple API backends

Gateway



Path-based routing

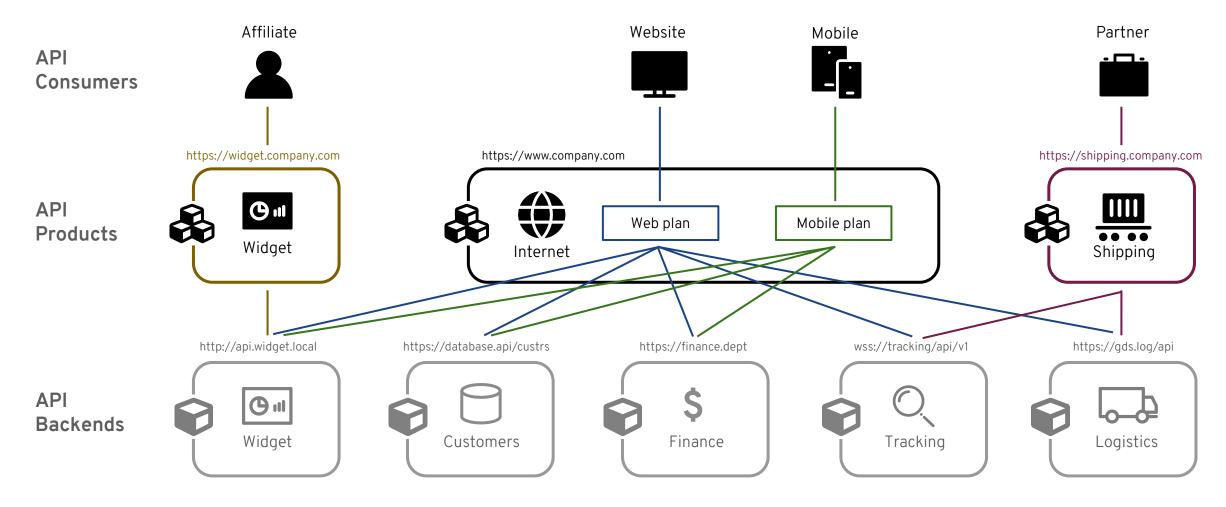
API Backend private

Technical layer

- Private base URL
- Private URL structures
- No AuthN/AuthZ \rightarrow no plans
- (Local) metrics/mapping rules (by method)
- Can be used by multiple API products



Example





Routing

```
"policy_chain":[ =
  { □
                                  API product: Shipping
     "name": "routing"
                                  Public Base URL: https://shipping.company.com
     "version": "builtin",
     "enabled":true,
     "configuration":{ □
        "rules":[ =
              "url": "wss://tracking/api/v1"
              "owner_id":4,
              "owner_type": "BackendApi"
              "condition":{
                "operations": [ =
                                                                  API Backend: Tracking
                   { □
                      "match": "path"
                                                                  Routing path: /track
                      "op": "matches"
                                                                  Public Base URL: https://shipping.company.com/track
                      "value": "/track/.*|/track/?"
                                                                  Private Base URL: wss://tracking/api/v1
              "replace_path":"{{uri | remove_first: '/track'}}"
              "url": "https://gds.log:443/api",
              "owner_type": "BackendApi"
              "condition":{
                 "operations":[ =
                                                                  API Backend: Logistics
                   { □
                                                                  Routing path: /gds
                      "match": "path"
                      "op": "matches"
                                                                  Public Base URL: https://shipping.company.com/gds
                      "value": "/gds/.*|/gds/?"
                                                                  Private Base URL: https://gds.log/api
              "replace_path":"{{uri | remove_first: '/gds'}}"
  { □
     "name": "apicast"
     "version": "builtin"
     "configuration":{ □
```

- Each Backend bundled in a Product is "mounted" in a chosen path
- Path must be unique
- Root path ('/') is allowed
- A 'routing' policy is transparently injected into the proxy config
 - o First policy in the chain
 - Longest path goes first
- Path is removed from the URL before redirecting the traffic



Mapping rules



Product-level Mapping Rules

- Take precedence i.e. go on top of all MRs
- Always evaluated, no matter to which
 Backend the traffic will be routed

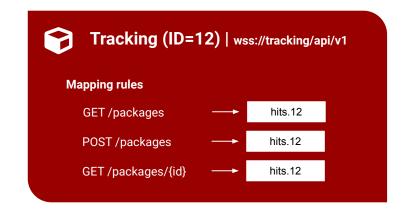


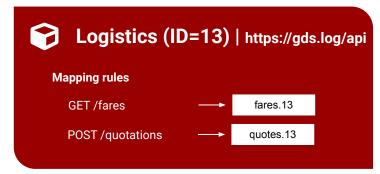
Backend-level Mapping Rules

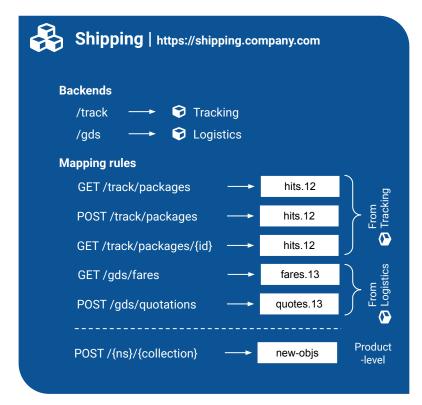
- Evaluated after Product-level MRs
- Evaluated only if the traffic is being routed to the same Backend the Mapping Rule belongs to
- Same set of MRs exists in all Products using the Backend
- The path of the Backend in a given Product is automatically and transparently prepended to each MR of the Backend in that Product



Mapping rules - example







POST https://shipping.company.com/track/packages \rightarrow wss://tracking/api/v1/packages GET https://shipping.company.com/gds/fares \rightarrow https://gds.log/api/fares





Mapping rules - example



POST https://shipping.company.com/track/packages →
wss://tracking/api/v1/packages
GET https://shipping.company.com/gds/fares →
https://gds.log/api/fares



GET https://shipping-prices.api/fares \rightarrow https://gds.log/api/fares POST https://shipping-prices.api/quotations \rightarrow https://gds.log/api/quotations



Method/metrics



Product-level Methods & Metrics

 "Hits" metric counts hits mapped to "Hits" itself and to its methods + the hits mapped to all Backend-level "Hits" metrics and their methods.

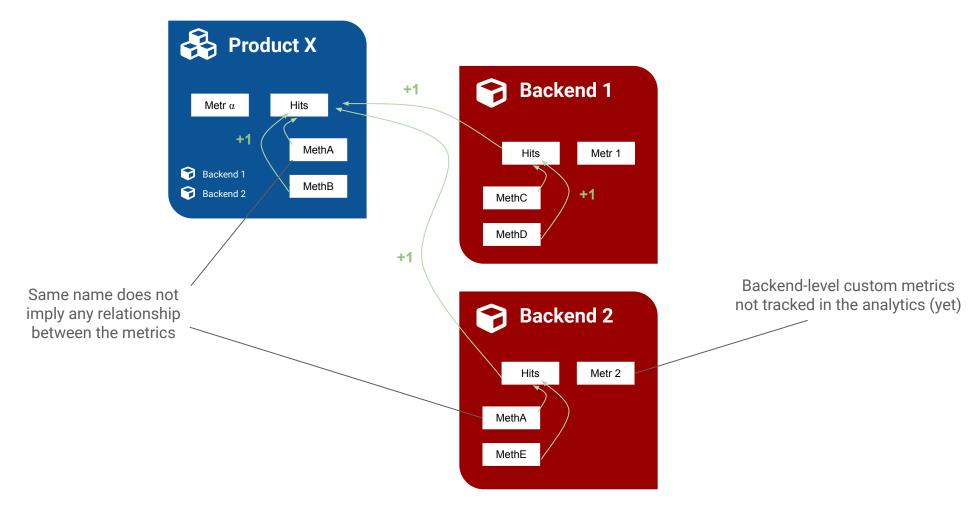


Backend-level Method & Metrics

- Registered in APIcast as if they belonged to each Product using the Backend
- Automatically and transparently get the ID
 of the Backend appended to the
 system_name of the metric
- Limits and Pricing rules can be set upon
 Backend-level metrics in the Application
 Plans at the Product level



Method/metrics (3-level hierarchy)

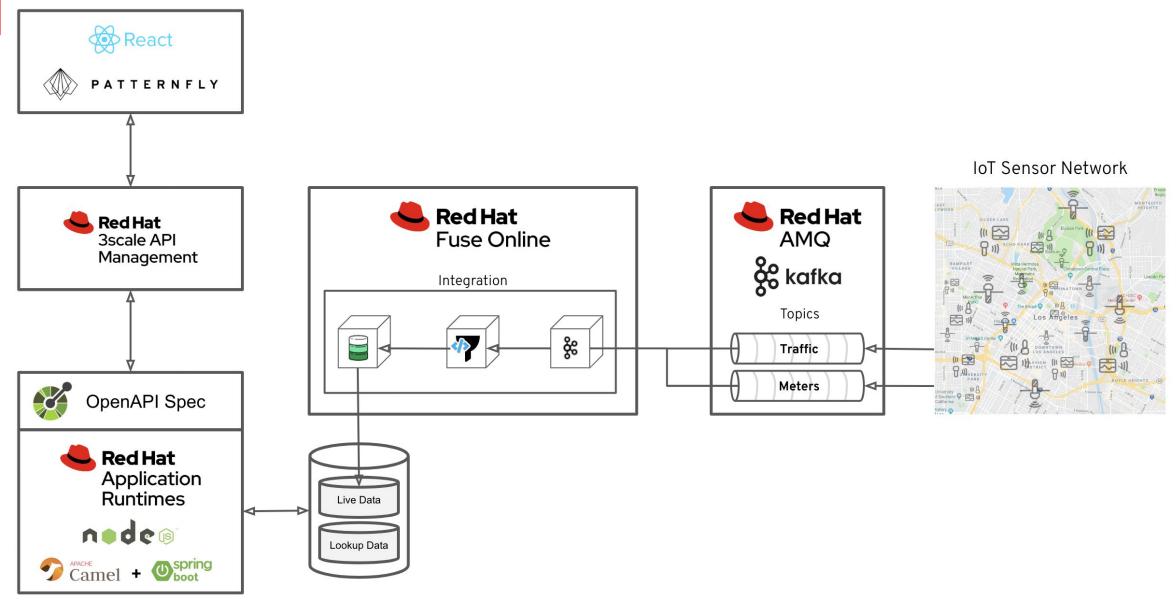




Demo



DEMO OVERVIEW





Additional Resources



Red Hat Managed Integration - Resources

Where can I learn more?

- OneStop gives you access to:
 - Business, technical and pricing decks
 - General FAQs, Pricing FAQs, etc.
- Customer stories:
 - Mojo Page & Google Page
- RHMI Webinar recordings:
 - Mojo Page & Google Page
- Allego Channel
- Datasheet

Who to contact

- General questions?
 <u>rhmi-info@redhat.com</u>
- Provisioning requests?
 integreatly-provisioning@redhat.com
- Need support? <u>integreatly-support@redhat.com</u>
- ...or reach out to <u>team members</u> directly







Thank you

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